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Specifications	Min- imum tensile strength (p.s.i.) welded condi- tion 1	Min- imum elon- gation in 2 inches (per- cent) weld metal (longitu- dinal)
AAR TC 128, Gr. B	81,000	19
ASTM A 516, Gr. 70	70,000	20

¹ Maximum stresses to be used in calculations.

(c) Aluminum alloy plate: Aluminum alloy plate must be suitable for welding and comply with one of the following specifications:

Specifications	Minimum tensile strength (p.s.i.) welded condition ^{3 4}	Minimum elongation in 2 inches (percent) weld metal (longitu- dinal)
ASTM B 209, Alloy 50521	25,000	18
ASTM B 209, Alloy 50832	38,000	16
ASTM B 209, Alloy 5086 1	35,000	14
ASTM B 209, Alloy 51541	30,000	18
ASTM B 209, Alloy 5254 1	30,000	18
ASTM B 209, Alloy 5454 1	31,000	18
ASTM B 209, Alloy 5652 1	25,000	18

For fabrication, the parent plate material may be 0 H112, or H32 temper, but design calculations must be based on the minimum tensile strength shown.
O temper only.
Weld filler metal 5556 must not be used.

(d) High alloy steel plate: High alloy steel plate must comply with one of the following specifications:

Specifications	Minimum tensile strength (p.s.i.) welded condition ¹	Minimum elongation in 2 inches (percent) weld metal (longitu- dinal)
ASTM A 240/A 240M (incor-		
porated by reference; see		
§ 171.7 of this subchapter), Type 304	75.000	30
ASTM A 240/A 240M (incor-	. 0,000	
porated by reference; see		
§ 171.7 of this subchapter), Type 304L	70,000	30
ASTM A 240/A 240M (incor-	,	
porated by reference; see		
§ 171.7 of this subchapter), Type 316	74.000	30
ASTM A 240/A 240M (incor-	,	
porated by reference; see		
§ 171.7 of this subchapter), Type 316L	70,000	30
-7	. 0,000	

¹ Maximum stresses to be used in calculations.

(e) Manganese-molybdenum steel plate: Manganese-molybdenum steel plate must be suitable for fusion welding and must comply with the following specification:

Specifications	Minimum tensile strength (p.s.i.) welded condition ¹	Minimum elongation in 2 inches (percent) weld metal (longitu- dinal)
ASTM A 302, Gr. B	80,000	20

¹ Maximum stresses to be used in calculations

- (f) Plate materials used to fabricate the outer shell and heads must be those listed in paragraphs (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this section. The maximum allowable carbon content must be 0.31 percent when the individual specification allows carbon content greater than this amount. The plates may be clad with other approved materials.
- (g) All appurtenances on the inner container in contact with the lading must be made of approved material compatible with the plate material of the inner container. These appurtenances must not be subject to rapid deterioration by the lading, or must be coated or lined with suitable corrosion resistant material. See AAR Specifications for Tank Cars, appendix M, M4.05 for approved material specifications for castings for fittings.

[Amdt. 179-9, 36 FR 21340, Nov. 6, 1971, as amended by Amdt. 179-28, 46 FR 49906, Oct. 8, 1981; Amdt. 179-40, 52 FR 13048, Apr. 20, 1987; Amdt. 179-52, 61 FR 28681, June 5, 1996; 66 FR 45186, Aug. 28, 2001; 67 FR 51660, Aug. 8, 2002]

§179.220-8 Tank heads.

- (a) Tank heads of the inner container, inner container compartments and outer shell must be of approved contour, and may be flanged and dished or ellipsoidal for pressure on concave side.
- (b) Flanged and dished heads must have main inside radius not exceeding 10 feet and inside knuckle radius must be not less than 3¾ inches for steel and alloy steel tanks nor less than 5 inches for aluminum alloy tanks.
- (c) Ellipsoidal heads must be an ellipsoid of revolution in which the major axis must equal the diameter of the shell and the minor axis must be onehalf the major axis.

[Amdt. 179-9, 36 FR 21341, Nov. 6, 1971]